

STUDY RESULT

Assessment of accessibility To Legal Identity Cards And National Health Insurance Among MSM And Transgender Women: A Study in 4 Cities Indonesia 2017

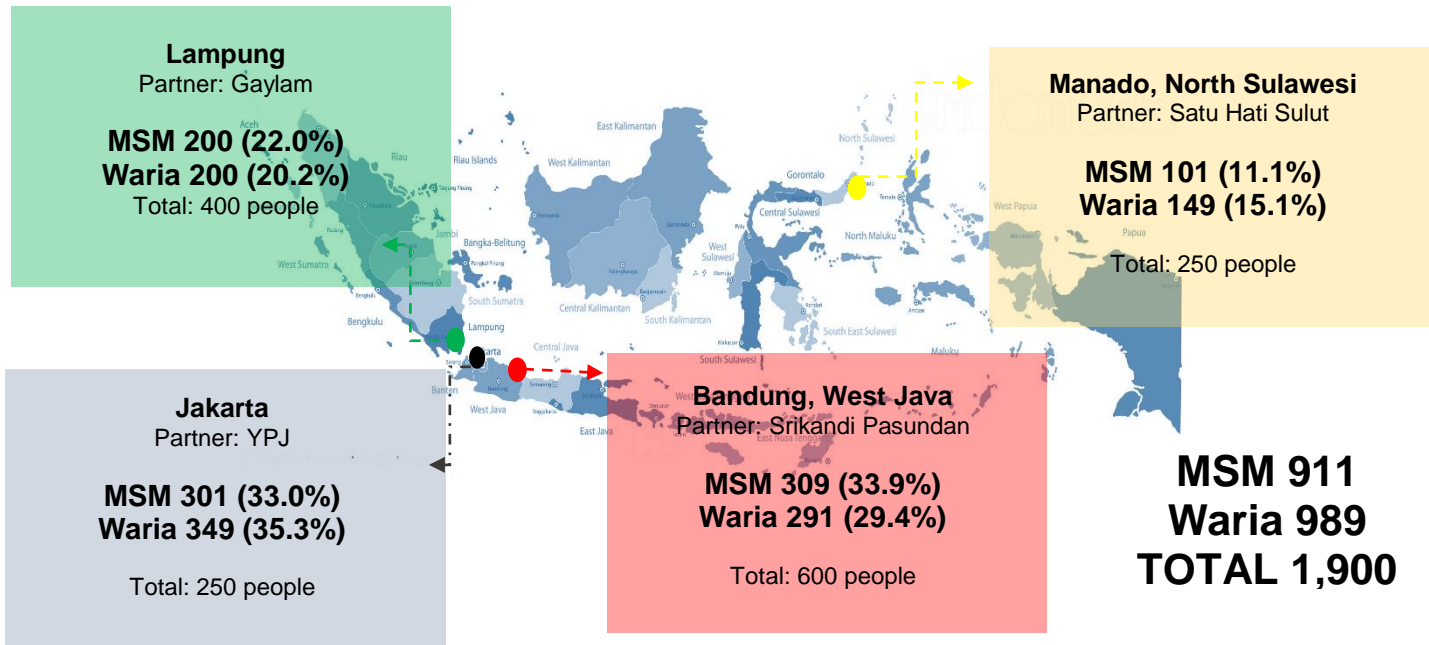
Introduction



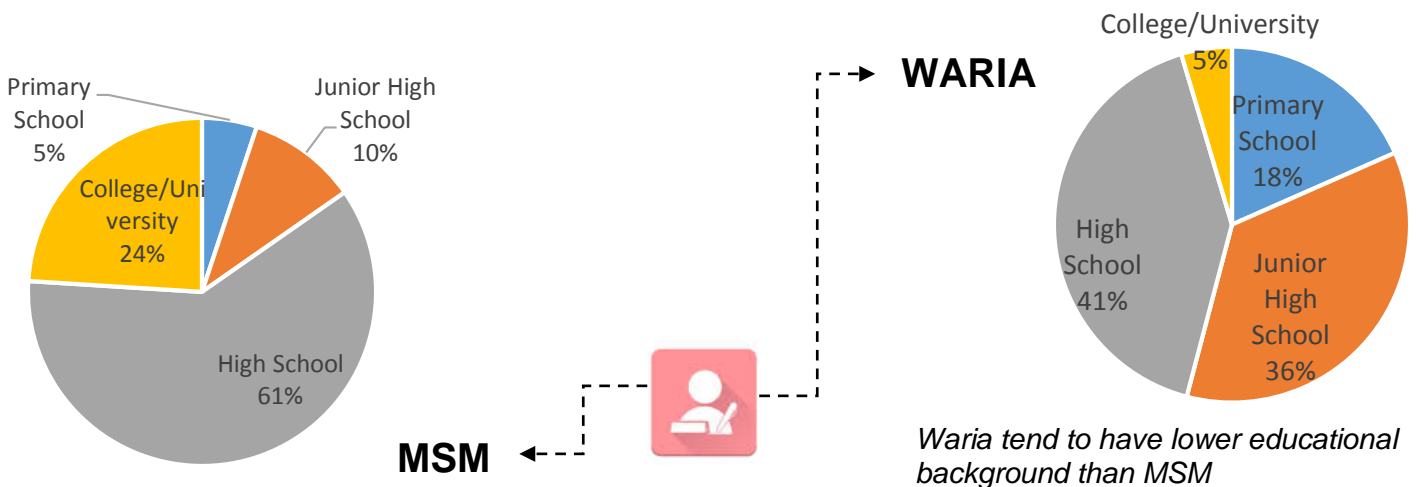
Stigma and discrimination perpetuate barriers to citizenship right for MSM and transgender women (Waria) in Indonesia including possession of legal identity card and national health insurance. Yet, it has not been clearly demonstrated through a study.

Bringing The Gap partnered with GWL INA conducted a community based participatory study to measure current coverage of ID card and national health insurance among MSM and Waria.

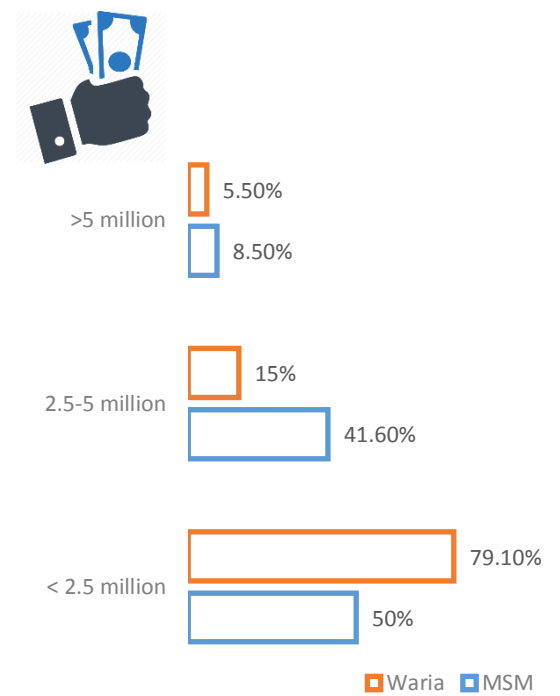
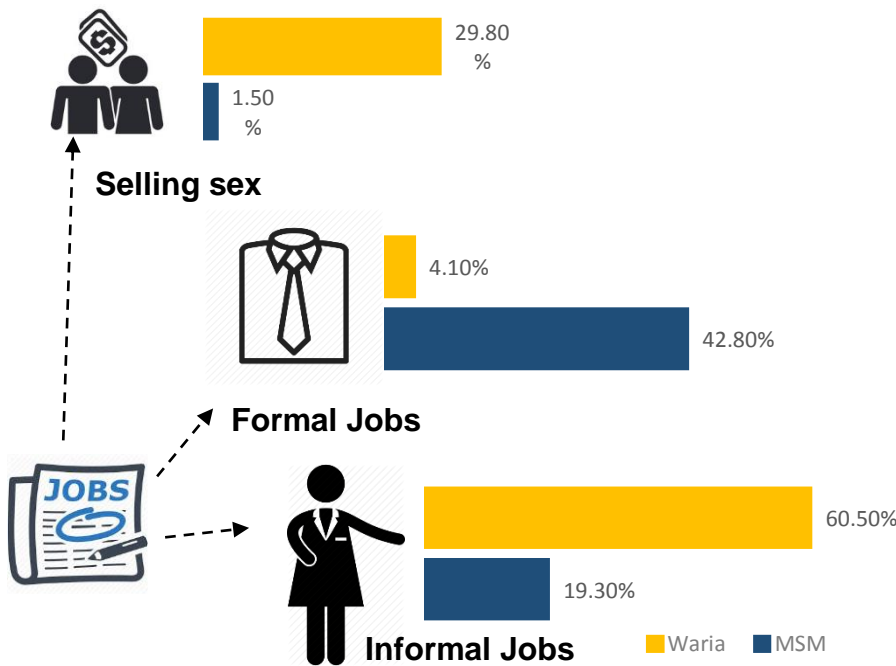
Participants



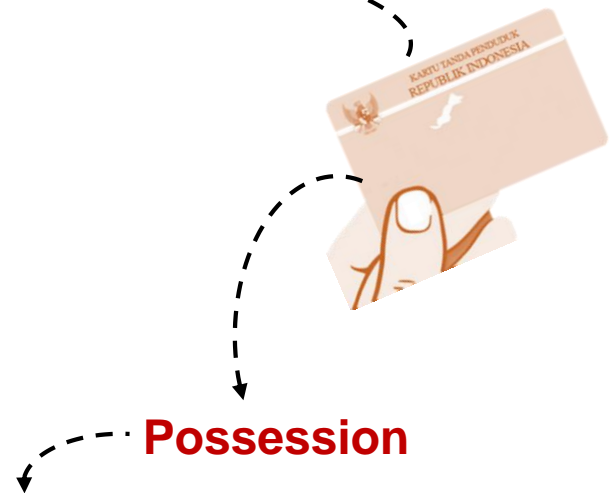
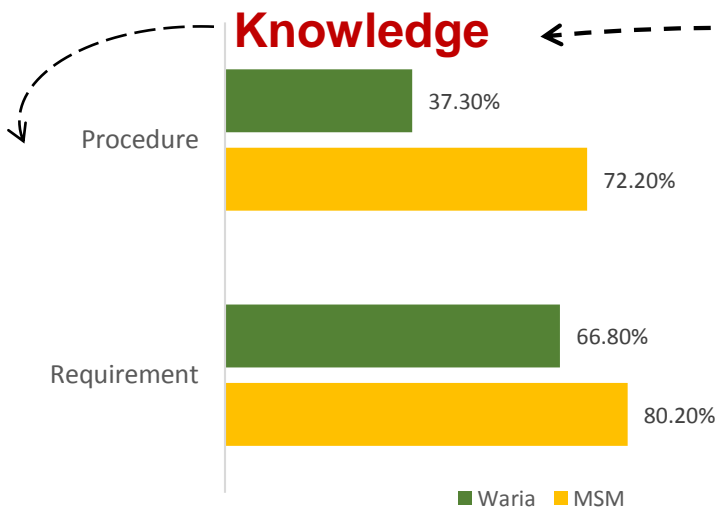
Educational Background



Jobs and Income



Possession of ID Card



97%

(source: Ministry of Home Affairs in March 2017)

General Population

VS

77.9% (n=1,481)

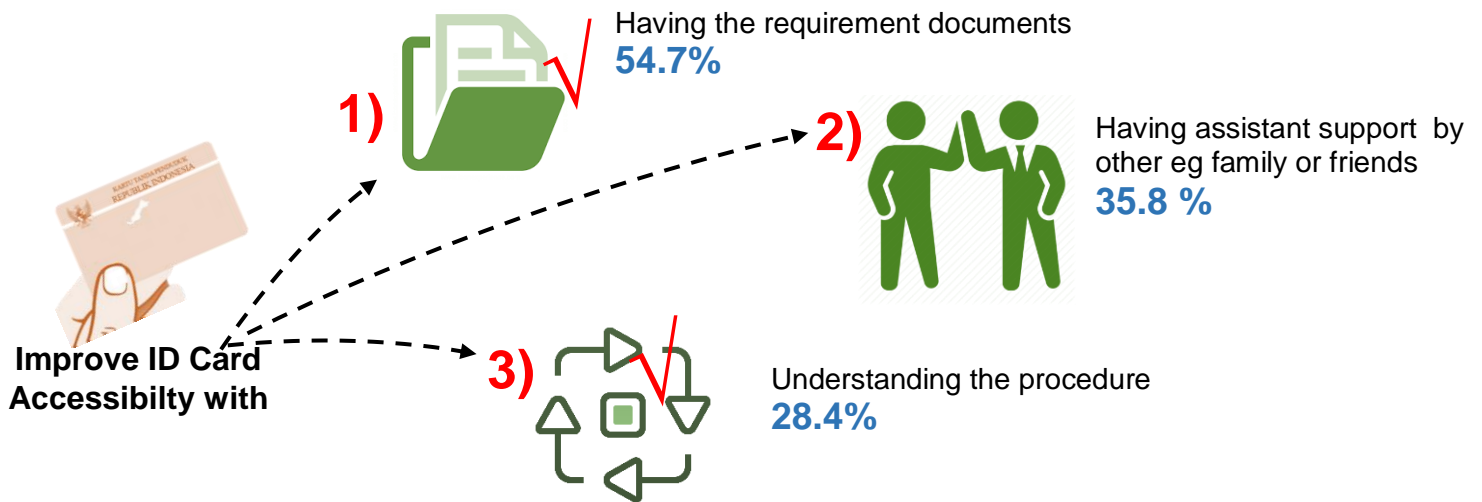
MSM = 91%

Waria=65.9%

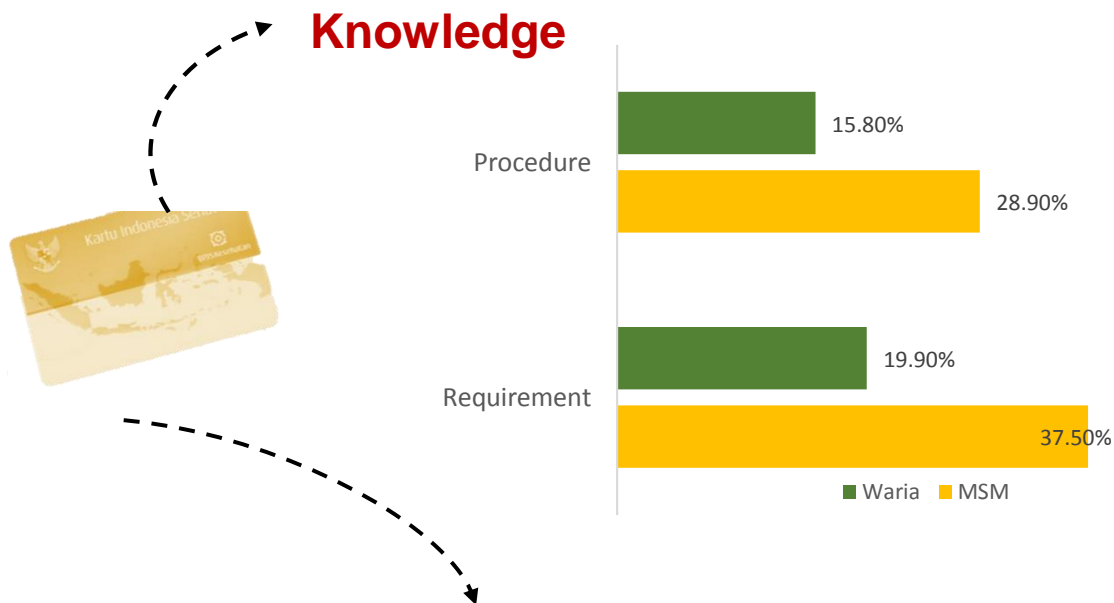
GMT Communities

How to improve ID Card

This study explore any factors that help them to improve ID card accessibility. Based on their opinion this following factors are believed enhance the access:



Possession of National Health Insurance Card

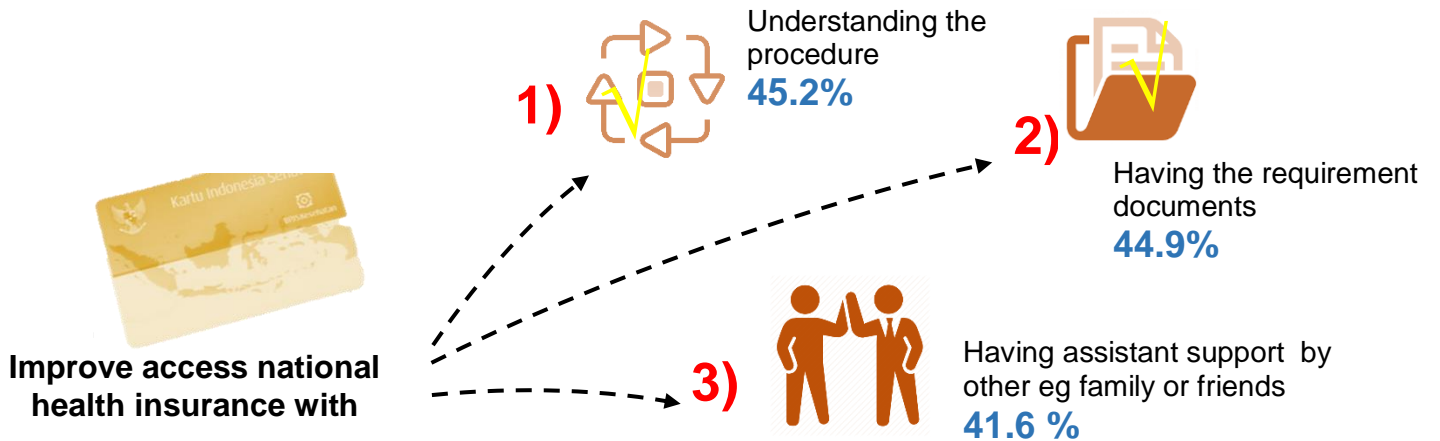


(source: BPJS Kesehatan Per August 2017
 National Health Insurance

Compared to general population, GMT communities have lower coverage toward to National Health Insurance

How to improve National Health Insurance Card

This study explore any factors that help them to improve national health insurance accessibility. Based on their opinion this following factors are believed enhance the access:



Initiated and supported by



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